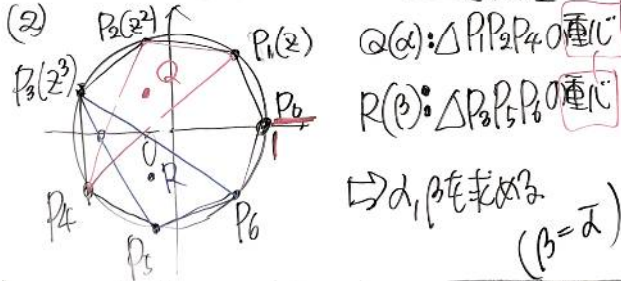


384 $z = \cos \frac{2\pi}{7} + i \sin \frac{2\pi}{7}$

$z^7 = \cos 2\pi + i \sin 2\pi = 1$ (内分方程式) $z^7 = 1$

$z^7 - 1 = (z-1)(z^6 + z^5 + z^4 + z^3 + z^2 + z + 1) = 0$

$z \neq 1$ かつ $z + z^2 + \dots + z^6 = -1$ (1)の補数



$\Rightarrow \alpha, \beta$ 存在 ($\beta = \bar{\alpha}$)

$\alpha = \frac{z+z^2+z^4}{3}$ $\beta = \frac{z^3+z^5+z^6}{3}$ (共役)
 ($z^4 = \bar{z}^3, z^5 = \bar{z}^2, z^6 = \bar{z}$ かつ)

😊 かつ α, β は共役 ($\beta = \bar{\alpha}$)

$\alpha + \beta = \frac{1}{3}(z+z^2+z^4+z^3+z^5+z^6) = -\frac{1}{3}$

$\alpha \cdot \beta = \frac{1}{9}(z+z^2+z^4)(z^3+z^5+z^6)$ (和と積)

$= \frac{1}{9} z^2 z^3 (1+z+z^3)(1+z^2+z^3)$

$\sim \frac{1+z^2+z^3+z+z^2+z^4+z^3+z^5+z^6}{9}$

$= \frac{1}{9} z^4 \times 2z^3 = \frac{2}{9}$

α, β は t の方程式 (KKK)

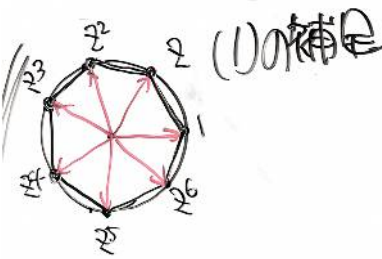
$t^2 + \frac{1}{3}t + \frac{2}{9} = 0$ の解

$9t^2 + 3t + 2 = 0$

$t = \frac{-3 \pm 3\sqrt{1}i}{18}$

$= \frac{-1 \pm \sqrt{1}i}{6}$

$\alpha = \frac{-1 + \sqrt{1}i}{6}, \beta = \frac{-1 - \sqrt{1}i}{6}$



$1+z+z^2+\dots+z^6 = 0$

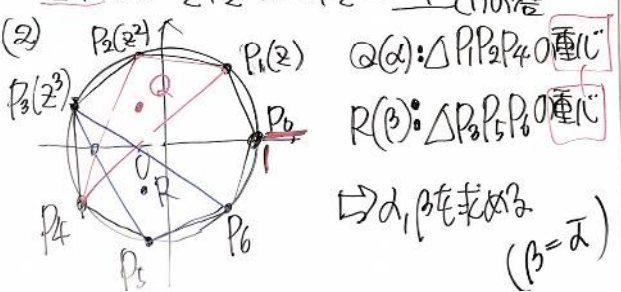
↑
 重心
 等比の和

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387) z: 原点中心, 半径2の円周上

$\Rightarrow |z|=2$

$w = (-z)z - 2i$ の中心 \Rightarrow 2 点を

$z = \frac{w+2i}{1-z}$

$\left| \frac{w+2i}{1-z} \right| = 2$

$\frac{|w+2i|}{|1-z|} = 2$

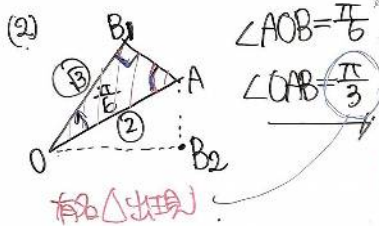
$|w - (-2i)| = 2\sqrt{2}$
中心 $-2i$, 半径 $2\sqrt{2}$
の円

49 倍音

385) $3\alpha^2 - 6\alpha\beta + 4\beta^2 = 0$ α^2 と β^2 は開閉 \Rightarrow 2 次方程式 \Rightarrow 解の公式

(1) $\frac{\beta}{\alpha} = \frac{3 \pm \sqrt{3}i}{4} = \frac{\sqrt{3}}{2} \left\{ \cos\left(\pm\frac{\pi}{6}\right) + i\sin\left(\pm\frac{\pi}{6}\right) \right\}$

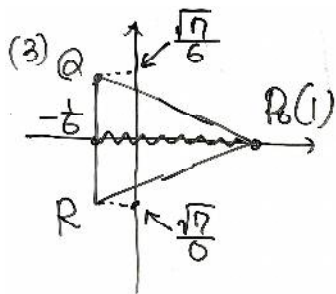
OB は OA を $\frac{\sqrt{3}}{2}$ 倍縮小し, $\pm\frac{\pi}{6}$ 回転したものを



386) $A(z_1 = 1+i), B(z_2 = a-i), C(z_3 = (b+2)+bi)$
 ΔABC が正三角形
AC は AB を $\pm\frac{\pi}{3}$ 回転

$z_3 - z_1 = (z_2 - z_1) \left\{ \cos\left(\pm\frac{\pi}{3}\right) + i\sin\left(\pm\frac{\pi}{3}\right) \right\}$
実部虚部比較 $\frac{1+\sqrt{3}i}{2}$

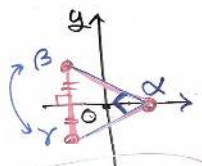
$(a, b) = (3, \sqrt{3}), (3, -\sqrt{3})$



ΔP_0QR
 $= \frac{1}{2} \left(1 + \frac{1}{6}\right) \times \frac{\sqrt{7}}{6} \times 2$
 $= \frac{7\sqrt{7}}{36}$

(3) k: 実数 $\leftarrow z$ と \bar{z} $f(z)$

α, β, γ が $x^2 + kx + 20 = 0$ の 3 解
 $y = x^2 + kx + 20$ のグラフより, $1 < k < 10$ より, $1 < k < 10$ は実数解



(2) $\alpha, 1$ 他のもつたは共役複素数



388) $\Delta CAB \Rightarrow \frac{\beta-d}{\alpha-d}$ は $\frac{\beta-d}{\alpha-d}$ 回転 $\Delta ABC \Rightarrow \frac{\gamma-d}{\beta-d}$ は $\frac{\gamma-d}{\beta-d}$ 回転 α

d, β, γ : 異なる複素数
 $2\alpha^2 + \beta^2 + \gamma^2 - 2\alpha\beta - 2\alpha\gamma = 0$

(1) $\frac{\gamma-d}{\beta-d} = \frac{\alpha-d}{\alpha-d}$

$\gamma^2 - 2\alpha\gamma + 2\alpha^2 + \beta^2 - 2\alpha\beta = 0$
 $(\gamma-d)^2 + (\alpha^2 + \beta^2 - 2\alpha\beta) = 0$

$(\gamma-d)^2 + (\beta-d)^2 = 0$

$\left(\frac{\gamma-d}{\beta-d}\right)^2 + 1 = 0$
 $\therefore \frac{\gamma-d}{\beta-d} = \pm i$

(2) $\frac{\gamma-d}{\beta-d} = 1 \times \left\{ \cos\left(\pm\frac{\pi}{2}\right) + i\sin\left(\pm\frac{\pi}{2}\right) \right\}$

AC は AB を $\pm\frac{\pi}{2}$ 回転
 $\angle A$ 直角の
直角二等辺三角形

(3) k : 実数 $\leftarrow z$ なる $f(z)$

α, β, γ が $x^2+kx+20=0$ の2解
 $y=x^3+kx+20$ のグラフより (1) $x < \gamma$ かつ $x > 1$ の A は実数解
 (2) $x=1$ 以外の B は共役複素数

$\alpha = p$
 $\beta = (p+8) + qi$
 $\gamma = (p+8) - qi$
 表せる (p, q) : 実数

KKK かつ

$\alpha + \beta + \gamma = 3p + 2q = 0$
 $\alpha\beta + \beta\gamma + \gamma\alpha = \alpha(\beta + \gamma) + \beta\gamma = 2p(p+8) + (p+8)^2 - q^2 = k$
 $\alpha\beta\gamma = p[(p+8)^2 + q^2] = -20$

$p = -2, q = \pm 3$
 $\alpha = -2, \beta = 1 \pm 3i, \gamma = 1 \mp 3i$
 $k = 6$

389 $z_1 = 1 + \frac{\sqrt{3}}{3}i, z_{n+1} = (1 + \sqrt{3}i)z_n + 1$ 等比のZL

(1) $z_{n+1} = (1 + \sqrt{3}i)z_n + 1$
 $\alpha = (1 + \sqrt{3}i)\alpha + 1$
 $z_n - \alpha = (1 + \sqrt{3}i)(z_n - \alpha)$
 $z_{n+1} - \frac{1}{3} = (1 + \sqrt{3}i)(z_n - \frac{1}{3})$
 $z_n - \frac{1}{3} = (z_n - \frac{1}{3}) \times (1 + \sqrt{3}i)^{n-1}$
 $\therefore z_n = (1 + \sqrt{3}i)^{n-1} + \frac{\sqrt{3}i}{3}$

(2) (1) かつ
 $z_n = \left[2 \cdot \left(\cos \frac{\pi}{3} + i \sin \frac{\pi}{3} \right) \right]^n + \frac{\sqrt{3}}{3}i$
 $= 2^n \left[\cos \frac{(n-1)\pi}{3} + i \sin \frac{(n-1)\pi}{3} \right] + \frac{\sqrt{3}}{3}i$
 $Re(z_n) = 2^n \cos \frac{(n-1)\pi}{3}$
 $\therefore \left\{ \cos \frac{(n-1)\pi}{3} \right\} : 1, \frac{1}{2}, -\frac{1}{2}, -1, -\frac{1}{2}, \frac{1}{2}, 1, \dots$
 (1) (2) (3)
 $-\frac{1}{2}, \frac{1}{2}, 1$
 は周期6をもつことに着目
 $\{2^{n-1}\}: 2^0 \geq 1000$ かつ $n \geq 1$ が必要

$Re(z_{11}) = 2^{11} \times (-\frac{1}{2}) = -512$
 $Re(z_{12}) = 2^{12} \times \frac{1}{2} = 1024$
 求める n は $\frac{12}{11}$

390 $w = \frac{z+i}{z-i}$

(1) w が実数 となる z の条件
 $\overline{w} = w$ かつ
 $\frac{\overline{z+i}}{\overline{z-i}} = \frac{z+i}{z-i}$
 $\frac{\overline{z}-i}{\overline{z}+i} = \frac{z+i}{z-i}$
 $(z-i)(\overline{z}-i) = (z+i)(\overline{z}+i)$
 $z + \overline{z} = 0$ (答1)
 z は 純虚数 または 0 (答2)

(2) 条件 $|z - (-i)| = 1$ かつ 半徑
 $w = \frac{z+i}{z-i}$ のとき $\rightarrow z$ あり
 $(z-i)w = z+i$
 $(w-1)z = i(w+1)$
 $z = \frac{i(w+1)}{w-1}$

$z = z \Leftrightarrow z$ は実数
 $\overline{z} = -z \Leftrightarrow z$ は純虚数 または 0

純虚数は z は実数 かつ z は純虚数 $\rightarrow z=0$ かつ z は実数 $\rightarrow z=0$

$$\left| \frac{i(w+1)}{w-1} + i \right| = 1$$

$$\left| \frac{i(w+1) + i(w-1)}{w-1} \right| = 1$$

$$\frac{|2i| |w|}{|w-1|} = 1$$

$$2|w| = |w-1|$$

$$w = x + yi$$

$$|\alpha + \beta| = x$$

$$|\alpha - \beta| = |\alpha| |\beta|$$

$$4w\bar{w} = (w-1)(\bar{w}-1)$$

$$3w\bar{w} - (w + \bar{w}) - 1 = 0$$

$$w\bar{w} - \frac{1}{3}(w + \bar{w}) - \frac{1}{3} = 0$$

$$(w - \frac{1}{3})(\bar{w} - \frac{1}{3}) = \frac{4}{9}$$

$$\left| w - \frac{1}{3} \right|^2 = \left(\frac{2}{3} \right)^2$$

$$\left| w - \frac{1}{3} \right| = \frac{2}{3}$$

$$\text{中心 } \frac{1}{3}, \text{ 半径 } \frac{2}{3} \text{ の円}$$